

## **COURSE OVERVIEW DE0159-4D** Horizontal and Multilateral Wells: Completions and Simulation

## Course Title

Horizontal and Multilateral Wells: Completions and Simulation 2.4 CEUA (24 PDHs) CEUS

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#### Course Reference DE0159-4D

# **Course Duration/Credits**

Four days/2.4 CEUs/24 PDHs

## **Course Date/Venue**



| Session(s) | Date                  | Venue  |
|------------|-----------------------|--|
| 1          | September 09-12, 2024 | Al Aziziya Hall, The Proud Hotel Al Khobar, Al Khobar,<br>KSA                          |
| 2          | December 09-12, 2024  | Club B Meeting Room, Ramada Plaza by Wyndham<br>Istanbul City Center, Istanbul, Turkey |

## Course Description



This practical and highly-interactive course includes real-life case studies and exercises where participants will be engaged in a series of interactive small groups and class workshops.

Recent Advances in drilling and completion have resulted in a rapid increase in the number of horizontal and multilateral wells drilled each year around the world. A horizontal well, to some extent, is different from a vertical well because it requires an interdisciplinary interaction between various professionals, such as geologists, engineers. drilling engineers, production reservoir engineers, and completion engineers. A typical horizontal well project is different from a vertical well project because productivity of a well depends upon the well length. Moreover, the well length depends upon the drilling and completion techniques implemented.

Multilateral well technology is revolutionizing the way that reservoirs are accessed by wells. The ability to create wells with multiple branches that can target widely spaced reservoir compartments provides engineers unlimited options in optimizing economic extraction of oil and gas. Along with this opportunity comes the inherent complexity of these well architectures.



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The type of well completion affects horizontal and multilateral well performance, and certain types of completions are possible only with certain types of drilling techniques. Thus, well length, the well's physical location in the reservoir, the tolerance in drilling location, and the type of completion that can be achieved, strongly depend upon the drilling method. Therefore, it is very important for reservoir engineers to understand different drilling techniques, their advantages and disadvantages. Similarly, drilling engineers, completion engineers, production engineers and geologists should also understand and appreciate the different factors that influence the performance of the horizontal and multilateral wells. Hence, cooperation and teamwork of different professionals is essential to ensure the successful horizontal and multilateral well project.

Successful multilateral and horizontal wells require new considerations, interdisciplinary planning, and special techniques. This intense course addresses the critical need for a proper understanding of all aspects of horizontal and multilateral design, completion and simulation that make these wells unique. It is designed for those planning or working with horizontal and multilateral wells and interested in effective use of the latest technology.

This course is designed to provide participants with an in-depth knowledge of the technology and processes of horizontal and multilateral well drilling and completion in a variety of environments for oil and gas exploration. It will cover drilling types, techniques, operation, calculations, equipment selections and planning for multilateral and horizontal wells. Specific problems associated with horizontal and multilateral drilling such as torque, drag, hole cleaning, logging, drill string component design, completion design and pay-zone-borehole connection will also be discussed.

Basic understanding of important reservoir characteristics, hole stability, formation damage, crucial zonal isolation, and hydraulic fracturing are just some of the critical issues addressed by this course. Hydraulic fracturing aspects of unconventional resources plays, including conductivity, proppant selection, and practices, are discussed. A combined practical and technical theme is employed, with emphasis on economy and efficiency in designing, completing, and producing horizontal and multilateral wells.

The course also analyzes the successes and failures of well integrity management from a series of real case studies in the oilfield and production facilities around the globe. During the course, the participants will review and discuss the requirements of operators and regulatory authorities for integrity assurance in wells and production facilities. They will also gain knowledge in the completion techniques and design of wells in increasingly complex field developments to ensure well integrity, failure-free and long-life production.



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## Course Objectives

Upon the successful completion of this course, each participant will be able to:-

- Apply a comprehensive knowledge on the latest techniques of drilling and completion of horizontal and multilateral wells and deal with the major concerns related to well integrity
- Design and optimize horizontal and multilateral well completions
- Take into account limitations imposed by well bore stability and borehole friction
- Determine appropriate zonal isolation methods for horizontal and multilaterals wells
- Perform hydraulic fracturing of horizontal wells
- Design damage removal, simulation, and workover operations
- Design horizontal and multilateral wells in a professional manner including drilling method selection, precompletion & completion design, planning, surveying and drilling fluid selection
- Explain the horizontal and multilateral drilling method using the turbodrills and perform measurement while drilling (MWD)
- Evaluate well formation using logging, sampling & coring and understand the various techniques of horizontal and multilateral well control & completion
- Solve the major drilling problems in horizontal and multilateral wells and know how to deal with well productivity and integrity
- Develop a proper well integrity management program and review the requirements of operators and regulatory authorities for integrity assurance in horizontal and multilateral wells and production facilities

#### **Exclusive Smart Training Kit - H-STK®**



Participants of this course will receive the exclusive "Haward Smart Training Kit" (H-STK<sup>®</sup>). The H-STK<sup>®</sup> consists of a comprehensive set of technical content which includes electronic version of the course materials, sample video clips of the instructor's actual lectures & practical sessions during the course conveniently saved in a **Tablet PC**.

#### Who Should Attend

This course provides a complete and up-to-date overview of the completions and simulation of horizontal and multilateral wells for drilling engineers, reservoir engineers, geologists, production and completion engineers and supervisors.

#### **Accommodation**

Accommodation is not included in the course fees. However, any accommodation required can be arranged at the time of booking.



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## Course Certificate(s)

Internationally recognized certificates will be issued to all participants of the course who completed a minimum of 80% of the total tuition hours.

#### **Certificate Accreditations**

Certificates are accredited by the following international accreditation organizations: -

The International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET - USA)

Haward Technology is an Authorized Training Provider by the International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET), 2201 Cooperative Way, Suite 600, Herndon, VA 20171, USA. In obtaining this authority, Haward Technology has demonstrated that it complies with the **ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard** which is widely recognized as the standard of good practice internationally. As a result of our Authorized Provider membership status, Haward Technology is authorized to offer IACET CEUs for its programs that qualify under the **ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard**.

Haward Technology's courses meet the professional certification and continuing education requirements for participants seeking **Continuing Education Units** (CEUs) in accordance with the rules & regulations of the International Accreditors for Continuing Education & Training (IACET). IACET is an international authority that evaluates programs according to strict, research-based criteria and guidelines. The CEU is an internationally accepted uniform unit of measurement in qualified courses of continuing education.

Haward Technology Middle East will award **2.4 CEUs** (Continuing Education Units) or **30 PDHs** (Professional Development Hours) for participants who completed the total tuition hours of this program. One CEU is equivalent to ten Professional Development Hours (PDHs) or ten contact hours of the participation in and completion of Haward Technology programs. A permanent record of a participant's involvement and awarding of CEU will be maintained by Haward Technology. Haward Technology will provide a copy of the participant's CEU and PDH Transcript of Records upon request.

- **BAC**
- British Accreditation Council (BAC)

Haward Technology is accredited by the **British Accreditation Council** for **Independent Further and Higher Education** as an **International Centre**. BAC is the British accrediting body responsible for setting standards within independent further and higher education sector in the UK and overseas. As a BAC-accredited international centre, Haward Technology meets all of the international higher education criteria and standards set by BAC.

#### Training Methodology

All our Courses are including **Hands-on Practical Sessions** using equipment, State-ofthe-Art Simulators, Drawings, Case Studies, Videos and Exercises. The courses include the following training methodologies as a percentage of the total tuition hours:-

30% Lectures

- 20% Practical Workshops & Work Presentations
- 30% Hands-on Practical Exercises & Case Studies
- 20% Simulators (Hardware & Software) & Videos

In an unlikely event, the course instructor may modify the above training methodology before or during the course for technical reasons.



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#### Course Instructor

This course will be conducted by the following instructor(s). However, we have the right to change the course instructor(s) prior to the course date and inform participants accordingly:



Dr. Chris Kapetan, PhD, MSc, is a Senior Drilling & Petroleum Engineer with 40 years of international experience within the onshore and offshore oil & gas industry. His wide experience covers Cased Hole Logging Interpretation, Cased Hole Formation Evaluation, Cased Hole Applications, Data Acquisition in Cased-hole Logging, Drill String Design & Drilling Optimization, Drill String Design Calculations, Enhanced Oil Recovery (EOR), Improved Oil Recovery (IOR), Performance Analysis, Prediction, and Optimization Using NODAL Analysis, Stuck Pipe Prevention, Stuck Piping & Fishing Operation, Fishing

Operations, Fishing Techniques, Fishing Methodologies, Wireline Fishing Procedures, Wireline & Coil Tubing, Coiled Tubing Fishing Operation, Coiled Tubing Technology, Fishing Options in Horizontal Wells, Horizontal & Multilateral Wells, Well Completion & Stimulation, Refining & Trading, Control Well-Flow Lines Parameters, Decision Analytic Modelling Methods for Economic Evaluation, Probabilistic Risk Analysis (Monte Carlo Simulator) Risk Analysis Foundations, Global Oil Demand, Crude Oil Market, Global Oil Reserves, Oil Supply & Demand, Governmental Legislation, Contractual Agreements, Financial Modeling, Oil Contracts, Project Risk Analysis, Feasibility Analysis Techniques, Capital Operational Costs, Oil & Gas Exploration Methods, Reservoir Evaluation, Extraction of Oil & Gas, Crude Oil Types & Specifications, Sulphur, Sour Natural Gas, Natural Gas Sweeting, Petroleum Production, Field Layout, Production Techniques & Control, Surface Production Operations, Oil Processing, Oil Transportation-Methods, Flowmetering & Custody Transfer and Oil Refinery. Further, he is also well-versed in Enhanced Oil Recovery (EOR), Electrical Submersible Pumps (ESP), Oil Industries Orientation, Geophysics, Gas Conditioning & Process Technology, Production Safety and Delusion of Asphalt. Currently, he is the Operations Consultant & the Technical Advisor at GEOTECH and an independent Drilling Operations Consultant of various engineering services providers to the international clients as he offers his expertise in many areas of the drilling & petroleum discipline and is well recognized & respected for his process and procedural expertise as well as ongoing participation, interest and experience in continuing to promote technology to producers around the world.

Throughout his long career life, Dr. Chris has worked for many international companies and has spent several years managing technically complex wellbore interventions in both drilling & servicing. He is a well-regarded for his process and procedural expertise. Further, he was the Operations Manager at ETP Crude Oil Pipeline Services where he was fully responsible for optimum operations of crude oil pipeline, workover and directional drilling, drilling rigs and equipment, drilling of various geothermal deep wells and exploration wells. Dr. Chris was the Drilling & Workover Manager & Superintendent for Kavala Oil wherein he was responsible for supervision of drilling operations and offshore exploration, quality control of performance of rigs, coiled tubing, crude oil transportation via pipeline and abandonment of well as per the API requirements. He had occupied various key positions as the Drilling Operations Consultant, Site Manager, Branch Manager, Senior Drilling & Workover Manager & Engineer and Drilling & Workover Engineer, Operations Consultant, Technical Advisor in several petroleum companies responsible mainly on an offshore sour oil field (under water flood and gas lift) and a gas field. Further, Dr. Chris has been a Professor of the Oil Technology College.

Dr. Chris has PhD in Reservoir Engineering and a Master's degree in Drilling & Production Engineering from the Petrol-Gaze Din Ploiesti University. Further, he is a Certified Surfaced BOP Stack Supervisor of IWCF, a Certified Instructor/Trainer, a Certified Trainer/Assessor/Internal Verifier by the Institute of Leadership & Management (ILM) and has conducted numerous short courses, seminars and workshops and has published several technical books on Production Logging, Safety Drilling Rigs and Oil Reservoir.



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#### **Course Fee**

| Al Khobar | <b>US\$ 6,750</b> per Delegate + <b>VAT</b> . This rate includes H-STK <sup>®</sup> (Haward Smart Training Kit), buffet lunch, coffee/tea on arrival, morning & afternoon of each day.      |
|-----------|---|
| Istanbul  | <b>US\$ 7,250</b> per Delegate + <b>VAT</b> . This rate includes Participants Pack (Folder, Manual, Hand-outs, etc.), buffet lunch, coffee/tea on arrival, morning & afternoon of each day. |

<u>Course Program</u> The following program is planned for this course. However, the course instructor(s) may modify this program before or during the course for technical reasons with no prior notice to participants. Nevertheless, the course objectives will always be met:

| Day 1       |  |
|-------------|--|
| 0730 - 0800 | Registration & Coffee  |
| 0800 - 0815 | Welcome & Introduction   |
| 0815 - 0830 | PRE-TEST   |
| 0830 - 0930 | <i>Overview of Horizontal &amp; Multilateral Well Technology</i><br>Directional Drilling General • Limitations of Horizontal Wells • Horizontal<br>Well Applications • Drilling Techniques • Horizontal Well Lengths Based upon<br>Drilling Techniques and Drainage Area Limitations • Completion Techniques |
| 0930 - 0945 | Break  |
| 0945 - 1030 | Horizontal & Multilateral Wells & Reservoir ConcernsSkin Factor• Skin Damage for Horizontal Wells• Effective Wellbore Radius•Productivity Index• Flow Regimes• Influence of Areal Anisotropy   |
| 1030 -1130  | <i>Horizontal &amp; Multilateral Well Design</i><br><i>Planning the Wellpath</i> • <i>Dogleg Severity Limits – Combined Buildup and Turn</i><br><i>Rate</i> • <i>BHA Performance Considerations</i> • <i>Design Considerations</i>   |
| 1130 - 1230 | <b>Precompletion &amp; Completion Design</b><br>How the Completion Relates to the Well Design • Monobore Completions •<br>Multiple String Completions • Completion Fluids • Brines • Points to Check on<br>the Completion Design   |
| 1230 - 1245 | Break  |
| 1245 - 1345 | <b>Directional Planning</b><br>Downhole Tools Affecting Directional Control • Directional Measurement and<br>Surveying • Kicking Off the Well • Drilling the Tangent Section • Dropping<br>Hole Angle • Well Control in Horizontal Wells   |
| 1345 - 1420 | <b>Directional Surveying</b><br>Acid Bottle • Photomechanical Devices • Steering Tools • Solid State Directional<br>Sensors • Rate Gyros • GCT (Schlumberger) • Inertial Navigation (FINDS) •<br>Surveying Techniques to Locate Blow-outs  |
| 1420 - 1430 | <b>Recap</b><br>Using this Course Overview, the Instructor(s) will Brief Participants about the<br>Topics that were Discussed Today and Advise Them of the Topics to be Discussed<br>Tomorrow  |
| 1430        | Lunch & End of Day One   |

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| Day Z      |  |
|------------|--|
|            | Drilling Fluids  |
| 0730 -0830 | Mud Types Available • Dispersed Water-Based Muds • Nondispersed or Polymer |
|            | Water-Based Muds • Formation Damage with Water-Based Muds • Oil Muds •     |
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|             | <i>Components of Invert Oil Emulsion Muds</i> • <i>Formation Damage with Oil Muds</i> • <i>Air, Foamed, &amp; Aerated Systems</i>   |
|-------------|---|
| 0830 - 0930 | TurbodrillsSystem Description • Performance Characteristics • Surface Checks on Turbodrill• Drilling with a Turbodrill • Drill String Rotation • Optimization While<br>Drilling   |
| 0930 - 0945 | Break   |
| 0945 - 1100 | Measurement While Drilling (MWD)Telemetry Channels• Transmission Systems• Power Sources• MWD Sensors• Surface System• Drilling with an MWD System• Applications of MWD  |
| 1100 - 1230 | <i>Formation Evaluation</i><br><i>Electric Logging and Sampling</i> • <i>Coring</i> • <i>Mud Logging</i>  |
| 1230 – 1245 | Break   |
| 1245 - 1345 | Well ControlKick Prevention• Kick Detection & Response• Drilling Below Normal KickTolerance Levels• Well Killing in Horizontal Wells• General Considerations forBOP Equipment• Suggested Rig Takeover Checklist• Minimum Mud ChemicalStock Levels• Kore Checklist• Minimum Mud Chemical |
| 1345 - 1420 | Drilling Problems in Horizontal & Multilateral WellsControl Over Borehole Trajectory• Intersections• Dog-leg SeverityKeyseating• Wellbore Instability• Freeing Stuck Pipe• Baking-off the DrillString• Fishing & Milling• Sidetracking• Lost Circulation                                |
| 1420 - 1430 | <b>Recap</b><br>Using this Course Overview, the Instructor(s) will Brief Participants about the<br>Topics that were Discussed Today and Advise Them of the Topics to be Discussed<br>Tomorrow   |
| 1430        | Lunch & End of Day Two  |

## Day 3

|             | Productivity of Horizontal & Multilateral Wells                                |
|-------------|--|
| 0730 - 0830 | Steady-state Productivity of Horizontal Wells • Effective Wellbore Radius of a |
|             | Horizontal Well • Productivity of Slant Wells • Comparison of Slant Well and   |
|             | Horizontal Well Productivities • Formation Damage in Horizontal Wells          |
|             | Well Integrity Management – Leak Detection Techniques                          |
| 0020 0020   | High Frequency Ultrasound Tool • Decision Analysis Example for Leak Repair in  |
| 0850 - 0950 | the Tubing String • Chemicals • Stradle Packers with or Without Expansion •    |
|             | Patches  |
| 0930 - 0945 | Break  |
|             | Flow Assurance Concerns & How They Are Related to Loss of Production &         |
| 0945 – 1100 | Integrity  |
|             | Hydrates, Wax, Asphaltenes, Scale, Emulsions • Erosion & Corrosion             |
| 1100 - 1230 | Influence of Well Eccentricity   |
|             | Influence of Well Eccentricity • Drilling Several Wells • Horizontal Wells at  |
|             | Different Elevations   |
| 1230 – 1245 | Break  |

| 1245 - 1345 | Formation Damage  |
|-------------|---|
|             | Quantify Formation Damage • Determination of Flow Efficiency & Skin •<br>Formation Damage Vs Pseudodamage • Drilling-Induced Formation Damage • |
|             | Formation Damage Caused by Completion & Workover Fluids • Damage During   |
|             | Perforating & Cementing • Formation Damage Caused by Fines Mitigation •   |



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|             | Formation Damage Caused by Swelling Clays • Formation Damage in Injection                              |
|-------------|--|
|             | Wells • Formation Damage Resulting from Paraffins & Asphaltenes • Formation                            |
|             | Damage Resulting Form Emulsion & Sludge Formation • Formation Damage                                   |
|             | Resulting from Condensate Banking • Formation Damage Resulting from Gas                                |
|             | Breakout • Formation Damage Resulting from Water Blocks • Formation Damage                             |
|             | Resulting for Wettability Alteration • Bacterial Plugging  |
|             | Matrix Acidizing   |
|             | Acid Type and Concentration • Retarded Hf Acids • Geochemical Models • Acid                            |
|             | Placements & Coverage • Mechanical Techniques • Particulates • Viscous Acid                            |
| 1245 1420   | • Advances in Acid Diversion • Horizontal Wells • Acid Additives • Job                                 |
| 1343 - 1420 | Supervision • Safety & Environment Protection • Well Preparation • Quality                             |
|             | <i>Control</i> • <i>Injection-Rate Control &amp; Monitoring</i> • <i>Pressure Behavior During Acid</i> |
|             | Injection • On-Site Evaluation of Acid Treatment Effectiveness • Spent Acid                            |
|             | Production Control • Produced Fluid Sampling • Evaluation of Acid Treatments                           |
| 1420 - 1430 | Recap  |
|             | Using this Course Overview, the Instructor(s) will Brief Participants about the                        |
|             | Topics that were Discussed Today and Advise Them of the Topics to be Discussed                         |
|             | Tomorrow   |
| 1430        | Lunch & End of Day Three   |

### Day 4

|             | Hydraulic Fracturing   |  |
|-------------|--|--|
| 0730 - 0830 | Fracture Mechanics • Fracture Propagation Models • Fracturing Fluids &                               |  |
|             | Additives • Propping Agents and Fracture Conductivity • Fracture Treatment                           |  |
|             | Design • Acid Fracturing • Fracturing High –Permeability Formations • Fracture                       |  |
|             | Diagnostics • Post-Fracture Well Behavior  |  |
|             | Comparison of Horizontal & Fractured Vertical Wells  |  |
| 0830 - 0930 | <i>Vertical Well Stimulation</i> • <i>Types of Fractures</i> • <i>Comparison of Horizontal Wells</i> |  |
| 0000 - 0000 | & Finite Conductivity Fractures • Horizontal Wells in Fractured Reservoirs •                         |  |
|             | Fractured Horizontal Wells   |  |
| 0930 - 0945 | Break  |  |
|             | Horizontal & Multilateral Wells in Gas Reservoirs  |  |
| 0945 - 1030 | Gas Reserve Estimation • Gas Flow Through Porous Media • Horizontal Well                             |  |
|             | Application • Production Type Curves • Case Studies  |  |
|             | Pressure Drop Through a Horizontal & Multilateral Well   |  |
|             | <i>Effects of High Pressure Drops</i> • <i>Remedies to Minimize High Wellbore Pressure</i>           |  |
| 1030 1130   | Drops • Fully Developed Friction Factors • Pressure Drop in a Curved Wellbore                        |  |
| 1050 - 1150 | Section • Drilled Wellbore Sizes & Liner Sizes • Single-Phase Pressure Drop                          |  |
|             | Through a Horizontal Well • Multiphase Pressure Drop Through a Horizontal                            |  |
|             | Well   |  |
| 1130 - 1230 | Well Integrity in Multilateral Wells - A Challenge in Today's Petroleum                              |  |
|             | Industry   |  |
|             | Short Introduction to Multi-Lateral Wells • Water Influx in Dual Lateral Wells                       |  |
|             | and Well Integrity Implications  |  |

| 1230 - 1245             | Break  |
|-------------------------|--|
| 1245 - 1345             | <i>Improvement of Integrity Strategies Utilizing Imaging Technology</i><br><i>Examples of Downhole Imaging to Formulate Well Integrity Strategies</i> •<br><i>Combination of Caliper and Video Imaging</i> • <i>Magnetic Wall Thickness Tool</i> |
| 1345 - 1400             | Course Conclusion  |
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|             | Using this Course Overview, the Instructor(s) will Brief Participants about the |
|-------------|---|
|             | Course Topics that were Covered During the Course                               |
| 1400 – 1415 | POST-TEST   |
| 1415 – 1430 | Presentation of Course Certificates   |
| 1430        | Lunch & End of Course   |

<u>Practical Sessions</u> This practical and highly-interactive course includes real-life case studies and exercises.



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